Coverage Period: 01/01/2026 - 12/31/2026

Summary of Benefits and Coverage: What this Plan Covers & What You Pay For Covered Services

Coverage for: Individual/Couple/Family | Plan Type: PPO

The Summary of Benefits and Coverage (SBC) document will help you choose a health <u>plan</u>. The SBC shows you how you and the <u>plan</u> would share the cost for covered health care services. NOTE: Information about the cost of this <u>plan</u> (called the <u>premium</u>) will be provided separately. This is only a summary. For more information about your coverage, or to get a copy of the complete terms of coverage, please call to 1.888.758.1616 (toll free) or 787.281.2800. For general definitions of common terms, such as <u>allowed amount</u>, <u>balance billing</u>, <u>coinsurance</u>, <u>copayment</u>, <u>deductible</u>, <u>provider</u>, or other <u>underlined</u> terms see the Glossary. You can view the Glossary at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u> or <u>www.healthcare.gov/sbc-glossary</u>, or call to 1-888-758-1616 or 787-281-2800 to request a copy.

Important Questions	Answers	Why This Matters:	
What is the overall deductible?	\$0	See the Common Medical Events chart below for your costs for services this plan covers.	
Are there services covered before you meet your deductible?	Yes, emergency and certain preventive services.	For example, this <u>plan</u> covers certain <u>preventive services</u> without <u>cost sharing</u> and before you meet your <u>deductible</u> . See a list of covered <u>preventive services</u> at: https://www.healthcare.gov/coverage/preventive-care-benefits/	
Are there other deductibles for specific services?	No	You don't have to meet <u>deductibles</u> for specific services.	
What is the <u>out-of-pocket</u> <u>limit</u> for this <u>plan</u> ?	For Medical-Hospital services and pharmacy coverage: \$6,600 - individual and \$13,200 - family	The <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> is the most you could pay in a year for covered services. If you have other family members in this <u>plan</u> , they have to meet their own <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> until the overall family <u>out-of-pocket limit</u> has been met.	
What is not included in the out-of-pocket limit?	Premiums, Health Care not covered by the plan, Value-added Programs, Major Medical Expenses, Cost-sharing paid by a third party (example: discount programs, patient assistance programs provided by manufacturers or foundations), Expenses for the following coverages: dental and vision.	Even if you pay these expenses, they don't count toward your out-of-pocket limit.	

Important Questions	Answers	Why This Matters:
Will you pay less if you use a <u>network provider</u> ?	Yes. See www.mcs.com.pr or call 1-888-758-1616 (toll free) or 787-281-2800 (metro area) for a list of network providers .	This <u>plan</u> uses a <u>provider network</u> . You will pay less if you use a provider in the <u>plan's network</u> . You will pay the most if you use an <u>out-of-network provider</u> , and you might receive a bill from a <u>provider</u> for the difference between the provider's charge and what your <u>plan</u> pays (<u>balance billing</u>). Be aware, your <u>network provider</u> might use an <u>out-of-network provider</u> for some services (such as lab work). Check with your <u>provider</u> before you get services.
Do you need a <u>referral</u> to see a <u>specialist</u> ?	No	You can see the specialist you choose without a referral.

All <u>copayment</u> and <u>coinsurance</u> costs shown in this chart are after your <u>deductible</u> has been met, if a <u>deductible</u> applies.

		What You Will Pay		Limitations, Exceptions, & Other
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Important Information
	Primary care visit to treat an injury or illness	\$10 / visit		
If you visit a health care provider's office or clinic	Specialist visit Sub-especialist visit	\$10 / visit \$15 / visit	1000/ 511	
	Preventive care/screening/ immunization	No charge	You pay 100% of the costs at the time of service. MCS will reimburse you based on the contracted rate with a participating provider less any applicable copayments or coinsurance for the services received.	
	<u>Diagnostic test</u> (x-ray, blood work)	25% coinsurance		
If you have a test	Imaging (CT/PET scans, MRIs)	25% coinsurance		For Pet SCAN / PET CT - Covered up to a maximum of one (1) per anatomic region, per policy year. Preauthorization is required from the MCS Life Clinical Affairs Department. For CT Scan / MRA / MRI – Covered up to a maximum of one (1) per anatomic region, per policy year. Does not require preauthorization.

^{*} For more information about limitations and exceptions, see the <u>plan</u> or policy document at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u>.

		What You Will Pay		Limitations, Exceptions, & Other
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Important Information
If you need drugs to treat your illness or condition More information about prescription drug coverage is available at http://www.mcs.com.pr/	Generic drugs	Point of Service (POS): \$0 copayment/ Mail Order: \$0 copayment	You pay 100% of the costs. No reimbursement applies.	The faller vice wiles apply:
	Preferred brand drugs	Point of Service (POS): 25% coinsurance / Mail Order: \$20 copayment		 The following rules apply: Generic drugs as first option. Up to 15 days' supply Up to 30 or 90 days' supply for
	New drugs	Point of Service (POS): 25% coinsurance / Mail Order: \$20 copayment		 maintenance drugs, as applies. Specialty drugs are not dispensed through mail order. Some drugs require prior authorization
	Specialty drugs	30% <u>coinsurance</u> , maximum \$250 <u>copayment</u>		of the Pharmacy Benefit Manager (PBM).
	Over-the-Counter Drugs (OTC)	\$0 copayment		The \$0 copayment applies to the following OTC drugs: Proton Pump Inhibitors (PPIs) Non-sedating antihistamines Nasal steroids Eye allergies These are drugs that you can buy without a prescription. They are safe and effective when you follow the instructions in the label or from a healthcare professional. These drugs are approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA) in the same dosage as when they were legend drugs. Your pharmacy benefit covers some OTC drugs that require a written prescription from your doctor.

^{*} For more information about limitations and exceptions, see the <u>plan</u> or policy document at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u>.

		What You Will Pay		Limitationa Evacutiona 9 Other
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Limitations, Exceptions, & Other Important Information
If you have outpatient	Facility fee (e.g., ambulatory surgery center)	\$25 / visit		0% coinsurance for endoscopic procedures, plus outpatient facility copay. Requires preauthorization through Clinical Affairs.
surgery	Physician/surgeon fees	No charge		
	Emergency room care	No charge – accident \$50 / visit – illness		
If you need immediate medical attention	Emergency medical transportation	Ground ambulance in PR: MCS will reimburse up to a maximum of \$75 per trip. Air ambulance in PR: A 20% coinsurance applies to the rates established by MCS with the contracted service provider for these services.	You pay 100% of the costs at the time of service. MCS will reimburse you based on the contracted rate with a participating provider less any applicable copayments or coinsurance for the	Ground ambulance in PR – no travel limit per policy year, by reimbursement. Air ambulance in PR - no travel limit per policy year. Subject to evaluation of MCS Life.
	<u>Urgent care</u>	\$10 / visit	services received.	
If you have a hospital	Facility fee (e.g., hospital room)	\$50 / visit		
stay	Physician/surgeon fees	No charge		
If you need mental health, behavioral health, or substance abuse services	Outpatient services	\$10 / visit		
	Inpatient services	\$50 / visit (hospitalization)		

^{*} For more information about limitations and exceptions, see the <u>plan</u> or policy document at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u>.

		What You Will Pay		Limitations, Exceptions, & Other	
Common Medical Event	Services You May Need	Network Provider (You will pay the least)	Out-of-Network Provider (You will pay the most)	Important Information	
If you are pregnant	Office visits Childbirth/delivery professional services Childbirth/delivery facility services	\$8 / visit No charge \$50 / visit			A <u>copayment</u> of \$0 would apply, if the member registers in Healthy Mothers & Babies "Madres y Bebés Saludables", during the first 3 months of pregnancy.
If you need help recovering or have other special health needs	Home health care Rehabilitation services Habilitation services Skilled nursing care Durable medical equipment Hospice services	No charge No charge No charge No charge 25% coinsurance No charge	You pay 100% of the costs at the time of service. MCS will reimburse you based on the contracted rate with a participating provider less any applicable copayments or coinsurance for the services received.	Maximum of 60 days per policy year. Coordinated through Clinical Affairs. Covered under Home Health Care. Coordinated through Clinical Affairs. Covered under Home Health Care. Coordinated through Clinical Affairs. Coordinated through MCS Life Clinical Affairs Department. Preauthorization required. Covered through Basic Coverage. Coordinated through Clinical Affairs.	
If your child needs dental or eye care	Children's eye exam for children Children's glasses for children Children's dental check-up for children	No charge, deductible doesn't apply No charge, deductible doesn't apply No charge, deductible doesn't apply		Preventive Services: One per policy year for children Preventive Services: Children's glasses limited to certain medical diagnoses or from injury. Preventive Services: Children's dental check-ups covered under dental plan.	

^{*} For more information about limitations and exceptions, see the <u>plan</u> or policy document at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u>.

Excluded Services & Other Covered Services:

Services Your Plan Generally Does NOT Cover (Check your policy or plan document for more information and a list of any other excluded services.)

Some General Exclusions:

- Charges the person is not legally obligated to pay
- Cosmetic surgery
- Dental Care (adults)
- Drugs or medicine obtained without a doctor's prescription or not approved by the Food and Drug Administration (FDA).
- Expenses or services for new medical procedures considered experimental or investigative, until MCS determines their inclusion.
- Injuries arising as a result of intent to commit an Illegal act.
- Long term care
- Non-emergency services outside the USA
- Payments made by person covered under this policy to a participating provider without being obliged by this contract to do so.
- Private nursing

- Services not medically necessary
- Services provided and/or covered under state or federal law, for which the insured is not legally obligated to pay, such as services rendered by the Automobile Accident Compensation Administrator (Spanish acronym ACAA) and the State Insurance Fund.
- Weight control programs

Other Covered Services (Limitations may apply to these services. This isn't a complete list. Please see your plan document.)

- Acupuncture (through MCS Alivia)
- Bariatric surgery

- Chiropractic care
- Hearing aids

- Routine eye care (adults)
- Routine foot care
- Infertility treatment

Your Rights to Continue Coverage: There are agencies that can help if you want to continue your coverage after it ends. The contact information for those agencies is: for the Puerto Rico's Office of Commissioner of Insurances, contact www.ocs.gobierno.pr or call to 787.304.8686; for the Department of Health & Human Services' Center for Consumer Information & Insurance Oversight (CCIIO) contact www.cciio.cms.gov or call to 1.877.267.2323 x. 61565; for the Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) contact www.dol.gov/ebsa/contactEBSA/consumerassistance.html or call to 1.866.444.EBSA (3272). Other coverage options may be available to you too, including buying individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information about the Marketplace, visit www.HealthCare.gov or call 1-800-318-2596.

Your Grievance and Appeals Rights: There are agencies that can help if you have a complaint against your plan for a denial of a <u>claim</u>. This complaint is called a <u>grievance</u> or <u>appeal</u>. For more information about your rights, look at the explanation of benefits you will receive for that medical <u>claim</u>. Your <u>plan</u> documents also provide complete information on how to submit a <u>claim</u>, <u>appeal</u>, or a <u>grievance</u> for any reason to your <u>plan</u>. For more information about your rights, this notice, or assistance, contact: MCS Life Insurance Company at http://www.mcs.com.pr or calling to the number specified in the back of your health plan card, or 1.888.758.1616 toll free (TTY/TDD users 1.866.627.8182); Puerto Rico's Office of Commissioner of Insurances, contact www.ocs.gobierno.pr or call to 787.304.8686; or to Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) contacting www.dol.gov/ebsa/healthreform or call to 1.866.444.EBSA (3272)

^{*} For more information about limitations and exceptions, see the <u>plan</u> or policy document at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u>.

Does this plan provide Minimum Essential Coverage? Yes

Minimum Essential Coverage generally includes plans, health insurance available through the Marketplace or other individual market policies, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, TRICARE, and certain other coverage. If you are eligible for certain types of Minimum Essential Coverage, you may not be eligible for the premium tax credit.

Does this plan meet the Minimum Value Standards? Yes

If your plan doesn't meet the Minimum Value Standards, you may be eligible for a premium tax credit to help you pay for a plan through the Marketplace.

Language Access Services:

Spanish (Español): Para obtener asistencia en español, llame al 1.888.758.1616 (TTY: 1.866.627.8182).

Tagalog (Tagalog): Kung kailangan ninyo ang tulong sa Tagalog tumawag sa 1.888.758.1616 (TTY: 1.866.627.8182).

Chinese (中文): 如果需要中文的帮助, 请拨打这个号码 1.888.758.1616 (TTY: 1.866.627.8182).

Navajo (Dine): Dinek'ehgo shika at'ohwol ninisingo, kwiijigo holne' 1.888.758.1616 (TTY: 1.866.627.8182)

To see examples of how this plan might cover costs for a sample medical situation, see the next section.

PRA Disclosure Statement: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is **0938-1146**. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average **0.02** hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.

^{*} For more information about limitations and exceptions, see the <u>plan</u> or policy document at <u>www.mcs.com.pr</u>.

About these Coverage Examples:



This is not a cost estimator. Treatments shown are just examples of how this <u>plan</u> might cover medical care. Your actual costs will be different depending on the actual care you receive, the prices your <u>providers</u> charge, and many other factors. Focus on the <u>cost-sharing</u> amounts (<u>deductibles</u>, <u>copayments</u> and <u>coinsurance</u>) and <u>excluded services</u> under the <u>plan</u>. Use this information to compare the portion of costs you might pay under different health <u>plans</u>. Please note these coverage examples are based on self-only coverage.

Peg is Having a Baby	
(9 months of in-network pre-natal care	and a
hospital delivery)	
■ The plan's overall deductible	\$0
■ Specialist [cost sharing]	\$8
■ Hospital (facility) [cost sharing]	\$50
■ Other [cost sharing]	25%

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Specialist office visits (prenatal care)
Childbirth/Delivery Professional Services
Childbirth/Delivery Facility Services
Diagnostic tests (ultrasounds and blood work)
Specialist visit (anesthesia)

Total Example Cost	\$12,890	
In this example, Peg would pay:		
Cost Sharing		
<u>Deductibles</u>	\$0	
Copayments	\$240	
Coinsurance	\$210	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions	\$100	
The total Peg would pay is	\$550	

Managing Joe's Type 2 Diak	etes
(a year of routine in-network care of	a well-
controlled condition)	
■ The <u>plan's</u> overall <u>deductible</u>	\$0
■ Specialist [cost sharing]	\$10
■ Hospital (facility) [cost sharing]	\$50
■ Other [cost sharing]	25%

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Primary care physician office visits (including disease education)

Diagnostic tests (blood work)

Prescription drugs

Durable medical equipment (glucose meter)

Total Example Cost	\$7,390	
In this example, Joe would pay:		
Cost Sharing		
<u>Deductibles</u>	\$0	
Copayments	\$100	
Coinsurance	\$370	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions	\$4,315	
The total Joe would pay is	\$4,790	

Mia's Simple Fracture		
(in-network emergency room visit and follow up		
care)		
■ The <u>plan's</u> overall <u>deductible</u>	\$0	
■ Specialist [cost sharing]	\$10	
Hospital (facility) [cost sharing]	\$0	
■ Other [cost sharing]	25%	

This EXAMPLE event includes services like:

Emergency room care (including medical supplies)

Diagnostic test (x-ray)

<u>Durable medical equipment</u> (crutches)

Rehabilitation services (physical therapy)

Total Example Cost	\$1,930	
In this example, Mia would pay:		
Cost Sharing		
<u>Deductibles</u>	\$0	
Copayments	\$310	
Coinsurance	\$15	
What isn't covered		
Limits or exclusions	\$0	
The total Mia would pay is	\$320	

The <u>plan</u> would be responsible for the other costs of these EXAMPLE covered services.

Glossary of Health Coverage and Medical Terms

- This glossary defines many commonly used terms, but isn't a full list. These glossary terms and definitions are
 intended to be educational and may be different from the terms and definitions in your <u>plan</u> or <u>health insurance</u>
 policy. Some of these terms also might not have exactly the same meaning when used in your policy or <u>plan</u>, and in
 any case, the policy or <u>plan</u> governs. (See your Summary of Benefits and Coverage for information on how to get a
 copy of your policy or <u>plan</u> document.)
- <u>Underlined</u> text indicates a term defined in this Glossary.
- See page 6 for an example showing how <u>deductibles</u>, <u>coinsurance</u> and <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> work together in a real life situation.

Allowed Amount

This is the maximum payment the <u>plan</u> will pay for a covered health care service. May also be called "eligible expense," "payment allowance," or "negotiated rate."

Appeal

A request that your health insurer or <u>plan</u> review a decision that denies a benefit or payment (either in whole or in part).

Balance Billing

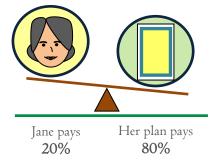
When a <u>provider</u> bills you for the balance remaining on the bill that your <u>plan</u> doesn't cover. This amount is the difference between the actual billed amount and the <u>allowed amount</u>. For example, if the provider's charge is \$200 and the allowed amount is \$110, the provider may bill you for the remaining \$90. This happens most often when you see an <u>out-of-network provider</u> (<u>non-preferred provider</u>). A <u>network provider</u> (<u>preferred provider</u>) may not balance bill you for covered services.

Claim

A request for a benefit (including reimbursement of a health care expense) made by you or your health care <u>provider</u> to your health insurer or <u>plan</u> for items or services you think are covered.

Coinsurance

Your share of the costs of a covered health care service, calculated as a percentage (for example, 20%) of the allowed amount for the service. You generally pay coinsurance *plus* any deductibles you



(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

owe. (For example, if the <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan's</u> allowed amount for an office visit is \$100 and you've met your <u>deductible</u>, your coinsurance payment of 20% would be \$20. The <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u> pays the rest of the allowed amount.)

Complications of Pregnancy

Conditions due to pregnancy, labor, and delivery that require medical care to prevent serious harm to the health of the mother or the fetus. Morning sickness and a non-emergency caesarean section generally aren't complications of pregnancy.

Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for a covered health care service, usually when you receive the service (sometimes called "copay"). The amount can vary by the type of covered health care service.

Cost Sharing

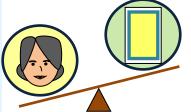
Your share of costs for services that a <u>plan</u> covers that you must pay out of your own pocket (sometimes called "out-of-pocket costs"). Some examples of cost sharing are <u>copayments</u>, <u>deductibles</u>, and <u>coinsurance</u>. Family cost sharing is the share of cost for <u>deductibles</u> and <u>out-of-pocket</u> costs you and your spouse and/or child(ren) must pay out of your own pocket. Other costs, including your <u>premiums</u>, penalties you may have to pay, or the cost of care a <u>plan</u> doesn't cover usually aren't considered cost sharing.

Cost-sharing Reductions

Discounts that reduce the amount you pay for certain services covered by an individual <u>plan</u> you buy through the <u>Marketplace</u>. You may get a discount if your income is below a certain level, and you choose a Silver level health plan or if you're a member of a federally-recognized tribe, which includes being a shareholder in an Alaska Native Claims Settlement Act corporation.

Deductible

An amount you could owe during a coverage period (usually one year) for covered health care services before your plan begins to pay. An overall deductible applies to all or almost all covered items and services. A plan with an overall deductible may



Jane pays 100%

Her plan pays 0%

(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

also have separate deductibles that apply to specific services or groups of services. A <u>plan</u> may also have only separate deductibles. (For example, if your deductible is \$1000, your plan won't pay anything until you've met your \$1000 deductible for covered health care services subject to the deductible.)

Diagnostic Test

Tests to figure out what your health problem is. For example, an x-ray can be a diagnostic test to see if you have a broken bone.

Durable Medical Equipment (DME)

Equipment and supplies ordered by a health care <u>provider</u> for everyday or extended use. DME may include: oxygen equipment, wheelchairs, and crutches.

Emergency Medical Condition

An illness, injury, symptom (including severe pain), or condition severe enough to risk serious danger to your health if you didn't get medical attention right away. If you didn't get immediate medical attention you could reasonably expect one of the following: I) Your health would be put in serious danger; or 2) You would have serious problems with your bodily functions; or 3) You would have serious damage to any part or organ of your body.

Emergency Medical Transportation

Ambulance services for an <u>emergency medical condition</u>. Types of emergency medical transportation may include transportation by air, land, or sea. Your <u>plan</u> may not cover all types of emergency medical transportation, or may pay less for certain types.

Emergency Room Care / Emergency Services

Services to check for an <u>emergency medical condition</u> and treat you to keep an <u>emergency medical condition</u> from getting worse. These services may be provided in a licensed hospital's emergency room or other place that provides care for <u>emergency medical conditions</u>.

Excluded Services

Health care services that your <u>plan</u> doesn't pay for or cover.

Formulary

A list of drugs your <u>plan</u> covers. A formulary may include how much your share of the cost is for each drug. Your <u>plan</u> may put drugs in different <u>cost-sharing</u> levels or tiers. For example, a formulary may include generic drug and brand name drug tiers and different <u>cost-sharing</u> amounts will apply to each tier.

Grievance

A complaint that you communicate to your health insurer or plan,

Habilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, learn or improve skills and functioning for daily living. Examples include therapy for a child who isn't walking or talking at the expected age. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and other services for people with disabilities in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

Health Insurance

A contract that requires a health insurer to pay some or all of your health care costs in exchange for a <u>premium</u>. A health insurance contract may also be called a "policy" or "<u>plan</u>."

Home Health Care

Health care services and supplies you get in your home under your doctor's orders. Services may be provided by nurses, therapists, social workers, or other licensed health care <u>providers</u>. Home health care usually doesn't include help with non-medical tasks, such as cooking, cleaning, or driving.

Hospice Services

Services to provide comfort and support for persons in the last stages of a terminal illness and their families.

Hospitalization

Care in a hospital that requires admission as an inpatient and usually requires an overnight stay. Some <u>plans</u> may consider an overnight stay for observation as outpatient care instead of inpatient care.

Hospital Outpatient Care

Care in a hospital that usually doesn't require an overnight stay.

In-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 20%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered health care services. Your share is usually lower for in-network covered services.

In-network Copayment

A fixed amount (for example, \$15) you pay for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. In-network copayments usually are less than <u>out-of-network copayments</u>.

Marketplace

A marketplace for health insurance where individuals, families and small businesses can learn about their plan options; compare plans based on costs, benefits and other important features; apply for and receive financial help with premiums and cost sharing based on income; and choose a plan and enroll in coverage. Also known as an "Exchange." The Marketplace is run by the state in some states and by the federal government in others. In some states, the Marketplace also helps eligible consumers enroll in other programs, including Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP). Available online, by phone, and in-person.

Maximum Out-of-pocket Limit

Yearly amount the federal government sets as the most each individual or family can be required to pay in <u>cost sharing</u> during the <u>plan</u> year for covered, in-network services. Applies to most types of health <u>plans</u> and insurance. This amount may be higher than the <u>out-of-pocket limits</u> stated for your <u>plan</u>.

Medically Necessary

Health care services or supplies needed to prevent, diagnose, or treat an illness, injury, condition, disease, or its symptoms, including habilitation, and that meet accepted standards of medicine.

Minimum Essential Coverage

Minimum essential coverage generally includes <u>plans</u>, <u>health insurance</u> available through the <u>Marketplace</u> or other individual market policies, Medicare, Medicaid, CHIP, TRICARE, and certain other coverage. If you are eligible for certain types of minimum essential coverage, you may not be eligible for the <u>premium tax credit</u>.

Minimum Value Standard

A basic standard to measure the percent of permitted costs the <u>plan</u> covers. If you're offered an employer <u>plan</u> that pays for at least 60% of the total allowed costs of benefits, the <u>plan</u> offers minimum value and you may not qualify for <u>premium tax credits</u> and <u>cost-sharing reductions</u> to buy a <u>plan</u> from the <u>Marketplace</u>.

Network

The facilities, <u>providers</u> and suppliers your health insurer or <u>plan</u> has contracted with to provide health care services.

Network Provider (Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who has a contract with your <u>health insurer</u> or <u>plan</u> who has agreed to provide services to members of a <u>plan</u>. You will pay less if you see a <u>provider</u> in the <u>network</u>. Also called "preferred provider" or "participating provider."

Orthotics and Prosthetics

Leg, arm, back and neck braces, artificial legs, arms, and eyes, and external breast prostheses after a mastectomy. These services include: adjustment, repairs, and replacements required because of breakage, wear, loss, or a change in the patient's physical condition.

Out-of-network Coinsurance

Your share (for example, 40%) of the <u>allowed amount</u> for covered health care services to <u>providers</u> who don't contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network coinsurance usually costs you more than <u>innetwork coinsurance</u>.

Out-of-network Copayment

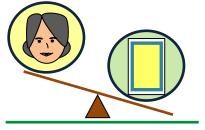
A fixed amount (for example, \$30) you pay for covered health care services from <u>providers</u> who do **not** contract with your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. Out-of-network copayments usually are more than <u>in-network</u> <u>copayments</u>.

Out-of-network Provider (Non-Preferred Provider)

A <u>provider</u> who doesn't have a contract with your <u>plan</u> to provide services. If your <u>plan</u> covers out-of-network services, you'll usually pay more to see an out-of-network provider than a <u>preferred provider</u>. Your policy will explain what those costs may be. May also be called "non-preferred" or "non-participating" instead of "out-of-network provider."

Out-of-pocket Limit

The most you *could* pay during a coverage period (usually one year) for your share of the costs of covered services. After you meet this limit the <u>plan</u> will usually pay 100% of the <u>allowed amount</u>. This limit helps you plan for



Jane pays 0%

Her plan pays 100%

(See page 6 for a detailed example.)

health care costs. This limit never includes your <u>premium</u>, <u>balance-billed</u> charges or health care your <u>plan</u> doesn't cover. Some <u>plans</u> don't count all of your <u>copayments</u>, <u>deductibles</u>, <u>coinsurance</u> payments, out-of-network payments, or other expenses toward this limit.

Physician Services

Health care services a licensed medical physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), provides or coordinates.

Plan

Health coverage issued to you directly (individual plan) or through an employer, union or other group sponsor (employer group plan) that provides coverage for certain health care costs. Also called "health insurance plan," "policy," "health insurance policy," or "health insurance."

Preauthorization

A decision by your health insurer or plan that a health care service, treatment plan, prescription drug or durable medical equipment (DME) is medically necessary. Sometimes called "prior authorization," "prior approval," or "precertification." Your health insurance or plan may require preauthorization for certain services before you receive them, except in an emergency. Preauthorization isn't a promise your health insurance or plan will cover the cost.

Premium

The amount that must be paid for your <u>health insurance</u> or <u>plan</u>. You and/or your employer usually pay it monthly, quarterly, or yearly.

Premium Tax Credits

Financial help that lowers your taxes to help you and your family pay for private <u>health insurance</u>. You can get this help if you get <u>health insurance</u> through the <u>Marketplace</u> and your income is below a certain level. Advance payments of the tax credit can be used right away to lower your monthly <u>premium</u> costs.

Prescription Drug Coverage

Coverage under a <u>plan</u> that helps pay for <u>prescription</u> <u>drugs</u>. If the plan's <u>formulary</u> uses "tiers" (levels), prescription drugs are grouped together by type or cost. The amount you'll pay in <u>cost sharing</u> will be different for each "tier" of covered <u>prescription drugs</u>.

Prescription Drugs

Drugs and medications that by law require a prescription.

Preventive Care (Preventive Service)

Routine health care, including <u>screenings</u>, check-ups, and patient counseling, to prevent or discover illness, disease, or other health problems.

Primary Care Physician

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), who provides or coordinates a range of health care services for you.

Primary Care Provider

A physician, including an M.D. (Medical Doctor) or D.O. (Doctor of Osteopathic Medicine), nurse practitioner, clinical nurse specialist, or physician assistant, as allowed under state law and the terms of the plan, who provides, coordinates, or helps you access a range of health care services.

Provider

An individual or facility that provides health care services. Some examples of a provider include a doctor, nurse, chiropractor, physician assistant, hospital, surgical center, skilled nursing facility, and rehabilitation center. The plan may require the provider to be licensed, certified, or accredited as required by state law.

Reconstructive Surgery

Surgery and follow-up treatment needed to correct or improve a part of the body because of birth defects, accidents, injuries, or medical conditions.

Referral

A written order from your <u>primary care provider</u> for you to see a <u>specialist</u> or get certain health care services. In many health maintenance organizations (HMOs), you need to get a referral before you can get health care services from anyone except your <u>primary care provider</u>. If you don't get a referral first, the <u>plan</u> may not pay for the services.

Rehabilitation Services

Health care services that help a person keep, get back, or improve skills and functioning for daily living that have been lost or impaired because a person was sick, hurt, or disabled. These services may include physical and occupational therapy, speech-language pathology, and psychiatric rehabilitation services in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.

Screening

A type of <u>preventive care</u> that includes tests or exams to detect the presence of something, usually performed when you have no symptoms, signs, or prevailing medical history of a disease or condition.

Skilled Nursing Care

Services performed or supervised by licensed nurses in your home or in a nursing home. Skilled nursing care is **not** the same as "skilled care services," which are services performed by therapists or technicians (rather than licensed nurses) in your home or in a nursing home.

Specialist

A <u>provider</u> focusing on a specific area of medicine or a group of patients to diagnose, manage, prevent, or treat certain types of symptoms and conditions.

Specialty Drug

A type of <u>prescription drug</u> that, in general, requires special handling or ongoing monitoring and assessment by a health care professional, or is relatively difficult to dispense. Generally, specialty drugs are the most expensive drugs on a <u>formulary</u>.

UCR (Usual, Customary and Reasonable)

The amount paid for a medical service in a geographic area based on what <u>providers</u> in the area usually charge for the same or similar medical service. The UCR amount sometimes is used to determine the <u>allowed amount</u>.

Urgent Care

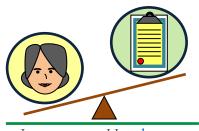
Care for an illness, injury, or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require <u>emergency room care</u>.

How You and Your Insurer Share Costs - Example

Jane's Plan Deductible: \$1,500 Coinsurance: 20% Out-of-Pocket Limit: \$5.000

January 1st Beginning of Coverage Period

December 31st End of Coverage Period



Her <u>plan</u> pays Jane pays 100% 0%

Jane hasn't reached her \$1,500 deductible yet











Jane pays 20%

Jane reaches her \$1,500

paid \$1,500 in total, reaching her

deductible, coinsurance begins

Jane has seen a doctor several times and

Her plan pays 80%

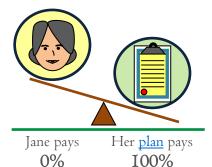












Jane reaches her \$5,000 out-of-pocket limit

Jane has seen the doctor often and paid \$5,000 in total. Her <u>plan</u> pays the full cost of her covered health care services for the rest of the year.

Office visit costs: \$125

Jane pays: \$0

Her plan pays: \$125

Her <u>plan</u> doesn't pay any of the costs. Office visit costs: \$125 Jane pays: \$125 Her plan pays: \$0

deductible. So her plan pays some of the costs for her next visit.

Office visit costs: \$125

Jane pays: 20% of \$125 = \$25Her plan pays: 80% of \$125 = \$100

PRA Disclosure Statement: According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995, no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a valid OMB control number. The valid OMB control number for this information collection is 0938-1146. The time required to complete this information collection is estimated to average 0.02 hours per response, including the time to review instructions, search existing data resources, gather the data needed, and complete and review the information collection. If you have comments concerning the accuracy of the time estimate(s) or suggestions for improving this form, please write to: CMS, 7500 Security Boulevard, Attn: PRA Reports Clearance Officer, Mail Stop C4-26-05, Baltimore, Maryland 21244-1850.